## AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 8, line 27, with the following:

As shown in Figure 1D, a tubular slip guide 27 is carried about the outer mandrel 23 and has a tapered lower extent 29 which functions as a ramp or spreader surface for contacting a mating tapered surface 30 of each gripping slip 21. The slip guide 27 terminates upwardly in a series of collet fingers 31 (see Figure 2D) which are initially retained in a running-in position by an interior surface 33 (Figure 2D) of a collet latch housing 35. The collet latch housing 35 is a tubular member which is initially connected to the slip guide 27 by a temporary connecting means such as a plurality of shear pins 37. The collet latch housing 35 also has an internal profile 39 for receiving the slip guide collet fingers 31 upon upward axial movement of the collet latch housing 35. As also seen in Figure 1D, the collet fingers 31 of the slip guide 27 are located within mating slots 41-43 41,43 machined in the exterior surface of the outer mandrel 23. The collet latch housing 35 terminates upwardly in an outwardly tapered fishing neck region 45 (Figure 1C).

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 9, line 16, with the following:

The outer mandrel 23 has a series of window openings 47 for receiving a retaining means such as retaining dogs 50. Other retaining means such as a plurality of retaining balls could also be utilized. The retaining dogs 50 initially prevent downward axial movement of a tubular collet housing 51 by mating with a ledge 49 formed in the collet housing 51. The tubular collet housing 51 terminates at a lower extent in collet fingers 53 which are engageable upon downward axial movement with the fishing neck 45 of the collet latch housing 35.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 10, line 17, with the following:

The coiled wire 75 is connected by means of a conventional lead-in 77 to a connecting assembly including the upper portion 79 and lower portion 81. The upper portion 79 has a bore 80 containing contact spring 82 (Figure 1B). Bushing 84 connects the opposing ends 86, 88 of the conductors which allow the follow up electrical current to the terminal 90. Terminal 90 is connected by means of an electrical lead 83 with an electric motor assembly 85 located within tubular member 87. The tubular member 87 is threadedly connected at an upper extent 89 to the lower portion 81 of the connecting assembly and at the lower extent 91 (Figure 1C) thereof to a motor frame 93.